







CP 130 is available with various opening possibilities. The low threshold option offers a solution to improve the buildings accessibility. A special corner solution makes it possible to open up spaces without any fixed corner element, creating a perfect and clear continuity between the indoor and outdoor spaces. This makes CP 130 ideal for rooms with a view.

This robust system allows the construction of large and stable sliding windows and doors with a vent weight up to 300 kg. It also offers an aesthetical slimline middle section. Additionally, CP 130 can comply with burglar resistance class 2, offering a safe and secure solution.











INTERIOR & EXTERIOR BECOME ONE

A sliding vent opens up a multitude of possibilities. Through a sliding window, the garden is incorporated into the interior of the house, fading the interior-, exterior border. This creates an extra feeling of space and generates more natural light within the home.

CP 130 SLIDE AND CP 130 LIFT & SLIDE

All types of CP 130 sliding vents use durable wheels and stainless steel rails, for optimal opening comfort. In case of a lift & slide system, the sliding window will be lifted up before sliding across this rail. In the closed position, the lift & slide window is put down and anchored, which is an extra plus for insulation and theft prevention. Both systems are wind-, waterproof and hermetically sealed.

MONORAIL, DUO RAIL, 3-RAIL OR MULTI-RAIL

A monorail combines a moving part with a fixed glazed element, anchored directly into the outer frame profile, creating a minimalistic look. As a standard, this solid part is at the inside of the sliding door. For specific situations however, a solution is offered for CP 130 to install the fixed part at the outside of the sliding window. This can be very convenient when large fixed glass panes need to be installed at elevated height or when building construction does not allow inside glazing.

MONORAIL	CP 130	CP 130-LS		
	Х	х		
	Х			

A duo rail integrates 2 glazed opening vents, which have an identical look resulting in an aesthetic sliding window. Both vents can be made as sliding element, giving all flexibility to the users.

DUO RAIL	CP 130	CP 130-LS
	х	х

A 3-rail integrates an extra rail in the outer frame allowing a third opening vent to be installed. This solution is very interesting because this allows the user to open-up 2 sliding windows, creating an opening which is doubled in size.

3-RAIL	CP 130	CP 130-LS
	X	Х

Even more flexibility is obtained with the unique principle of a multi-rail, available in the liftand-slide variant. This multi-rail solution allows an expansion of outer frames from two to up to eight rails, facilitating creative designs with very large openings.

TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS								
Variants		CP 130 MONORAIL, DUO RAIL, 3-RAIL	CP 130-LS MONORAIL, DUO RAIL ,3-RAIL, MULTI-RAIL					
	Frame / Threshold	50 mm / 28 mm	20 mm / 28 mm / 35 mm / 40mm					
	Vent	94 mm	94 mm					
Visible width / height	T-profile	from 76 mm till 154 mm	from 76 mm till 154 mm					
	Meeting section	69 mm / 98 mm	69 mm / 98 mm					
	Meeting section 4 doors	194 mm	194 mm					
Overall system depth	Frame	Monorail: 130 mm Duo Rail: 110 mm / 130 mm / 139 mm 3-Rail: 181 mm / 210 mm	Monorail : 139 mm Duo Rail : 139 mm 3-Rail : 210 mm					
	Vent	59 mm	59 mm					
Maximal Element height		2700 mm	2700 mm					
Maximal vent weight		300 kg	300 kg					
Rebate height		25 mm	25 mm					
Glass thickness		up to 43 mm	up to 43 mm					
Glazing method		dry glazing with EPDM or neutral silicones	dry glazing with EPDM or neutral silicones					
Thermal insulation		23 mm, 18.6 mm and 32 mm fibreglass reinforced polyamide strips polyamide strips						
HI variant		extra insulation gaskets extra insulation gaskets						







CP 130 Monorail Outside glazing

CP 130-LS 3-rail Low treshold

PERFORMANCES													
	ENERGY												
	Thermal Insulation (1) EN ISO 10077-2	Uf-value down to 2.35 W/m²K (*), depending on the frame/vent combination.											
	COMFORT												
	Acoustic performance ⁽²⁾ EN ISO 140-3; EN ISO 717-1	Rw (C; Ctr) = 35 (-2;-6) dB / 39 (-1;-3) dB, depending on glazing type											
	Air tightness, max. test pressure (3) EN 12207	1 (150 Pa)				2 (300 Pa)		3 (600 Pa)			4 (600 Pa)		
	Water tightness ⁽⁴⁾ EN 12208	1A (0 Pa)	2A (50 Pa)		A) Pa) (4A 150 Pa)	5A (200 Pa)	6A (250 Pa)	7A (300 Pa)	8A (450 F		9A E750 (600 Pa) (750 Pa)	
	Wind load resistance, max. test pressure (5) EN 12211; EN 12210	1 2 (400 Pa) (800		_	(1)	3 (1200 Pa)		^p a)	5 (2000 Pa)		Exxx (> 2000 Pa)		
	Wind load resistance to frontal deflection EN 12211; EN 12210	A (±1/150)					B (<1/200)				C (≤1/300)		
	SAFETY												
%	Burglar resistance ⁽⁶⁾ EN(V) 1627 - 1630	RC 1					RC 2			RC 3			

This table shows classes and values of performances, which can be achieved for specific configurations and opening types.

- The Uf-value measures the heat flow. The lower the Uf-value, the better the thermal insulation of the frame.
- (2) The sound reduction index (Rw) measures the capacity of the sound reduction performance of the frame and glass.
 (3) The air tightness test measures the volume of air that would pass through a closed window at a certain air pressure.
- (4) The water tightness testing involves applying a uniform water spray at increasing air pressure until water penetrates the window Depending on the bottom solution, different values are achieved.
- (5) The wind load resistance is a measure of the profile's structural strength and is tested by applying increasing levels of air pressure to simulate the wind force. (6) The burglar resistance is tested by static and dynamic loads, as well as by simulated attempts to break in using specified tools
- (*) Value for HI-variant